CANCERFORSKNING I FRONTLINJE -TEMADAG EPB STOCKHOLM OCTOBER, 2020 **MEDIVIR**

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Executive summary

Proprietary clinical asset

- MIV-818 A liver directed nucleotide prodrug
- In phase Ib clinical development
- Opportunities for breakthrough oncology indications

The company

- Building on an experienced leadership team and effective organization
- Focus on clinical development in unmet oncology indications

Multiple programs for partnering/out-licensing

• Remetinostat, Birinapant and MIV-711

Founded: 1988

Listed: Nasdaq Stockholm

Location: Stockholm

Cash position: c. SEK 95M1)

Market Cap: SEK 335M²⁾

FTE: 9





Focused clinical program

Nucleotide prodrug	Indication	Research	Preclinical	Phase I	Exclusivity
MIV-818	Liver cancer				IP: 2035

Multiple programs for partnering/out-licensing

Compound	Mechanism	Indication	Phase I	Phase II	Phase III	Exclusivity
Remetinostat	Topical HDAC	MF-CTCL ¹⁾ SCC BCC				IP:2034
Birinapant	SMAC mimetic	HNCC ²⁾				IP: 2034
MIV-711	Cathepsin K inhibitor	OA ³⁾		\longrightarrow		IP: 2034

¹⁾ Indications: basal cell carcinoma, squamous cell carcinoma, mycosis fungoides cutaneous T-cell lymphoma (phase III ready)

²⁾ Head and neck cancer

³⁾ Osteoarthritis

MIV-818 Mode of action and preclinical data

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MIV-818: A liver-directed nucleotide

- MIV-818 is an oral prodrug
- Once absorbed from the GI-tract, MIV-818 is transported to the liver
- The prodrug is taken up by liver cancer cells and converted into troxacitabine triphosphate (TRX-TP)
- TRX-TP is incorporated into DNA and causes double-strand DNA breaks and cell death

MIV-818 (prodrug)



TRX-TP

Troxacitabine - Background

- Developed by Shire Biochem Inc. and SGX pharmaceuticals
- Nucleoside analogue with anticancer activity
- Administration route, intravenous injection
- More than 700 patients have received the drug in phase I/II/III trials
- In a 48 patient phase I/II trial in AML, 5 patients achieved complete response
 - FDA: Fast Track Designation based on the phase I/II data
- Phase II/III in 3rd line AML was initiated in 2005
 - 2006: DSMB recommends to discontinue the trial due to lack of response
 - i.v. administration creates a narrow therapeutic window → suboptimal exposure
- Lilly acquires SGX pharmacetuicals, 2008



Preclinical evidence for MIV-818 liver targeting

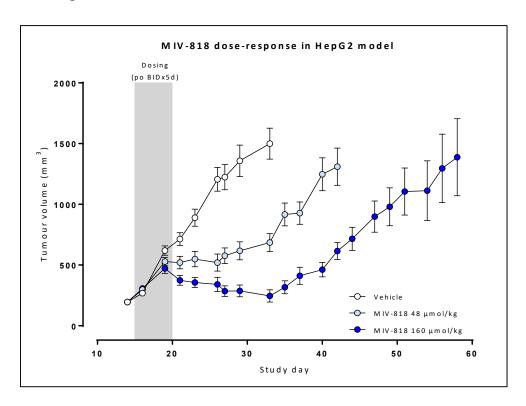
Compound	Route	Dose (µmol/kg)	Liver TRX-TP/Plasma TRX (AUC ratio)
Troxacitabine (TRX)	İV	80	<0.016
MIV-818	oral	80	1.9

- MIV-818 exhibited substantial liver targeting by preferential formation of the active TRX-TP metabolite in liver of rats
- MIV-818 shows a 100-fold higher liver targeting than troxacitabine

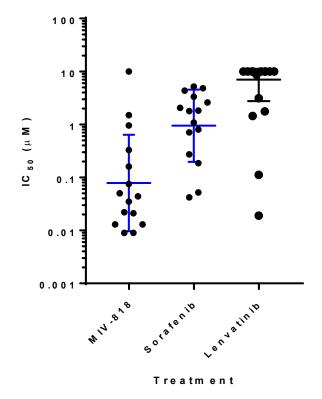


MIV-818 shows efficacy in preclinical HCC models

Inhibition of tumor growth in mouse HCC xenograft models in vivo



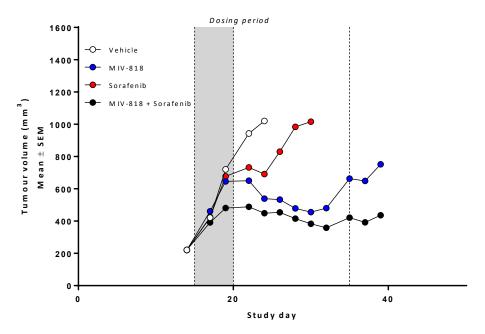
Inhibition of patient-derived HCC cell lines in vitro





MIV-818: enhanced anti-tumor effect in combination with MKI in preclinical HCC models

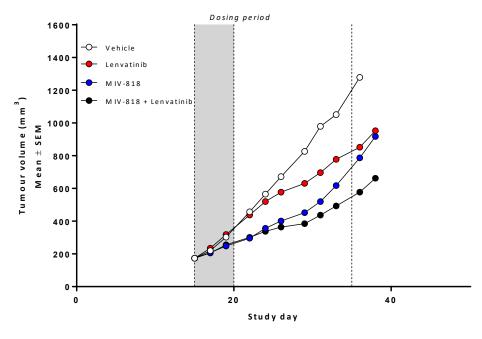
Combination with MIV-818 and sorafenib (N=8)



Dosing (HepG2 xenograft model):

- MIV-818 100mg/kg BID 5 days
- Lenvatinib 30mg/kg QD 21 days

Combination of MIV-818 and Lenvatinib (N=10)



Dosing (HepG2 xenograft model):

- MIV-818 30mg/kg BID 5 days
- Lenvatinib 3mg/kg QD 21 days

MKI - Multi kinase inhibitor

Summary

- Preclinical evidence of increased liver targeting with MIV-818 vs i.v. troxacitabine
- MIV-818 has demonstrated efficacy in multiple preclinical HCC models
 - Pharmacodynamic markers for DNA-damage e.g. phosphorylation of histone 2AX (pH2AX)
 - Evidence of activity in hypoxic regions of tumor, commonly hard to treat
- The unique mechanism-of-action allows for:
 - Less impact of resistance to other therapies being used
 - Potential to combine effectively with current and future therapies



MIV-818 Clinical development

MIV-818: Phase Ia objectives

Primary objectives

• To assess safety and tolerability of escalating doses of MIV-818 in patients with Hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC), Intra hepatic cholangiocarcinoma (iCCA), or metastatic liver disease and to establish the phase Ib start dose

Key secondary and exploratory objectives

• To evaluate the overall response rate (ORR) based on RECIST v1.1 in patients treated with escalating doses of MIV-818, plasma PK and PD

Patient characteristics:

Nine patients were enrolled and evaluated: 2 HCC, 1 iCCA and 6 Liver metastatic disease

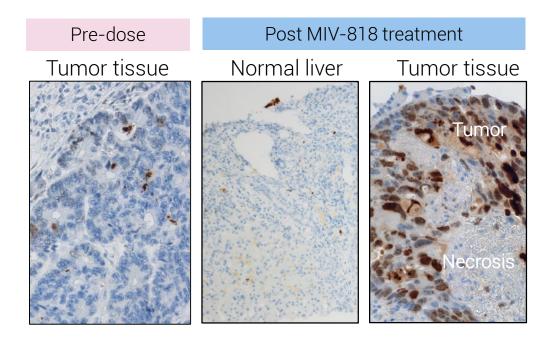
Sites:

Three sites, 2 in United Kingdom and 1 in Belgium



MIV-818: Selective effect signal in liver cancer in phase la

- Clear signs of cell death, measured as DNA damage, observed in liver biopsies from tumor tissue in MIV-818 treated patients
- The tumor selective effect is an early proof-of-concept of the intended liver-directed effect in patients



Evidence of DNA damage (brown coloring) in tumor but not in normal liver tissue



MIV-818: Conclusions from phase la

- Adverse events were generally mild and the few severe adverse events were reversible
- Only low levels of MIV-818 and acceptable exposure to troxacitabine were observed in blood after two treatment cycles
- Liver biopsies showed selective DNA damage in tumor tissue and minimal or no impact of MIV-818 in healthy liver tissue
- Five out of nine patients achieved stable disease after MIV-818 treatment in this heavily pre-treated population



MIV-818: Phase Ib study conduct and objectives

Study conduct:

Classic 3+3 dose escalation study in HCC, iCCA and liver metastatic disease patients Part A will be conducted as a monotherapy and Part B as add-on to SoC Six sites: 4 sites in United Kingdom and 2 in Belgium

Objectives:

Primary: Establish the phase II dose based on safety and tolerability Secondary: Efficacy evaluated by RECIST 1.1, pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics



MIV-818: Clinical development plan in advanced liver cancer

Phase Ib -Part A

Phase Ib monotherapy
(n=up to 30)
Interpatient dose escalation
3+3 design

Phase Ib - Part B

Phase Ib add-on to SoC (n=up to 30)
Interpatient dose escalation
3+3 design

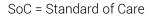
Next phase add-on to SoC

Example: MIV-818 + SoC vs. Placebo + SoC

2020

2021

2022



The liver cancer therapeutics market

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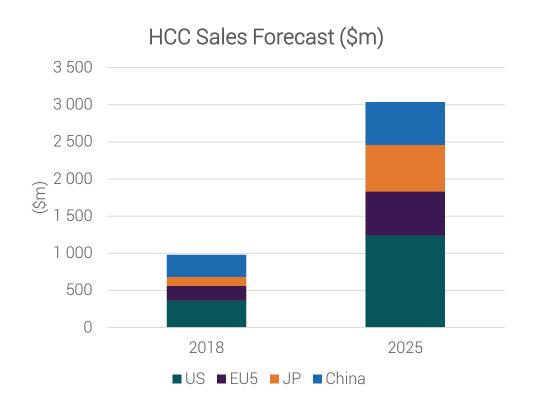
Potential target populations

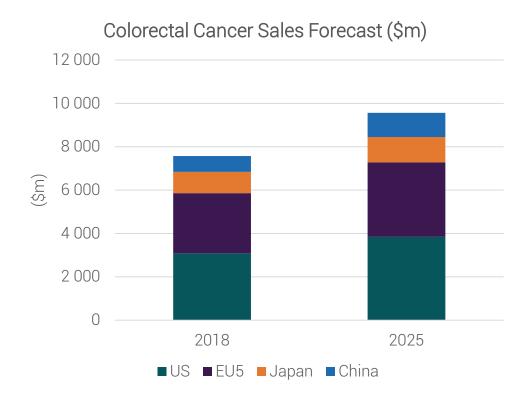
	US	5EU	7MM/8MM
Intrahepatic CCA (iCCA)			
Diagnosed incident cases	5,000	5,500	12,500 ⁷
Diagnosed prevalent cases	7,000	8,000	18,0007
HCC			
Diagnosed incident cases	28,000	43,000	105,0007
Diagnosed prevalent cases	38,000	59,000	155,000 ⁷
Colorectal cancer			
Diagnosed incident cases	140,000	250,000	875,000 ²
Diagnosed prevalent cases	480,000	765,000	2,800,000 ²

- iCCA and HCC are indications with cancer in the liver
- iCCA and HCC are orphan indications
- Company has received orphan designation for HCC in the US and EU
- One of the most common sites for metastasis in metastatic colorectal cancer is the liver



Global market for HCC and Colorectal cancer





- HCC sales in 8 major markets are estimated to USD 3Bn in 2025
- Colorectal cancer markets sales in 8 major markets estimated to ca USD 9.5Bn in 2025

MIV-818 has a unique profile

- Unique profile vs approved drugs in iCCA, HCC and CRC
- DNA-breaking, small-molecular approach, which selectively reaches all tumour cells irrespective of genetic cause.
- The orally administered prodrug MIV-818 is directed to the liver providing both efficacy and safety
- Likely to be effective as add-on therapy to other drugs with different mechanisms of action

Other assets **MEDIVIR** Slide 24

Multiple programs for partnering/out-licensing

Compound	Mechanism	Indication	Phase I	Phase II	Phase III	Exclusivity
Remetinostat	Topical HDAC	MF-CTCL ¹⁾ SCC BCC				IP: 2034
Birinapant	SMAC mimetic	HNCC ²⁾				IP: 2034
MIV-711	Cathepsin K inhibitor	OA ³⁾				IP: 2034

³⁾ Osteoarthritis







¹⁾ Indications: basal cell carcinoma, squamous cell carcinoma, mycosis fungoides cutaneous T-cell lymphoma (phase III ready)

²⁾ Head and neck cancer

Partnering deals executed in 2020

- Preclinical research deal with Tango Therapeutics
- Entered into a license agreement for Chinese rights with Yuanmai Biotech with our product Xerclear[®] for labial herpes
- Option agreement with a biotech company for an undisclosed preclinical research project



Executive summary

Proprietary clinical asset

- MIV-818 A liver directed nucleotide-prodrug
- In phase Ib clinical development,
- Data from part A expected in Q1-2021

The company

- Building on an experienced leadership team and effective organization
- Focus on clinical development in unmet oncology indications

Multiple programs for partnering/out-licensing

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