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Financial summary

Summary of the Group's figures	•	Q3		Q1 - Q3	
(SEK m)	2019	2018	2019	2018	2018
Net turnover	1,7	3,0	7,3	10,3	23,9
Profit/loss before tax	-23,0	-71,2	-91,3	-235,9	-350,5
Cash and cash equivalents at period end	158,5	357,1	158,5	357,1	286,3

- Net turnover for Q3 2019 was SEK 2 million and for Q1-Q3 SEK 7 million
- Loss of the quarter Q3 was SEK -23 million and for Q1-Q3 SEK -91 million
- Cash position as of September 30, 2019: SEK 159 million
- Market cap as of November 22, 2019: approximately SEK 527 million

An oncology-focused development company set for growth

Proprietary nucleotide-prodrug platform

- Multiple opportunities for breakthrough oncology products
- Spearheaded by MIV-818 and MIV-828

Advanced clinical programs for partnering/out-licensing

Remetinostat, Birinapant and MIV-711

The company

- Experienced leadership team and effective organization
- Focus on clinical development and business development

.



The nucleotide-prodrug concept: A versatile source of new oncology products

- By combination of "prodrug tail" and a nucleotide, a tunable uptake in target cell/tissue can be achieved.
- Once in the cancer cell, the prodrug is cleaved and an active nucleotide metabolite is formed.
- This concept has the potential to provide oncology products with an improved efficacy/tolerability profile.

Nucleotide prodrug	Indication	Research	Preclinical	Phase I	Exclusivity
MIV-818	HCC				IP: 2035
MIV-828	AML				IP: Est 2039
"MIV-838"	Blood cancer				IP: Est 2040

MIV-818: A liver-targeted nucleotide

- MIV-818 is an oral prodrug of the clinically effective troxacitabine
- Once absorbed from the GI-tract, MIV-818 is transported to the liver
- The prodrug is taken up by liver cancer cells and converted into troxacitabine triphosphate (TRX-TP)
- TRX-TP is incorporated into DNA and causes double-strand DNA breaks and cell death

MIV-818 (prodrug)



MIV-818: A nucleotide-prodrug for primary liver cancer

Current treatment options for hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) provide little benefit. Because of the liver targeting and the mechanism of action, MIV-818 may provide an outstanding efficacy and safety profile. May be ideal as stand alone treatment and/or add-on to standard of care.

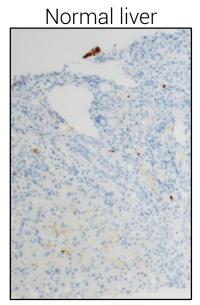
HCC is the most common form of primary liver cancer:

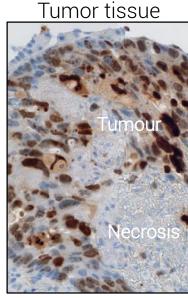
- Third leading cause of cancer-related deaths globally
- Orphan disease in western markets, high incidence in Asian markets
- Five year survival: 11%
- Genetically heterogeneous; no good molecularly targeted therapy available

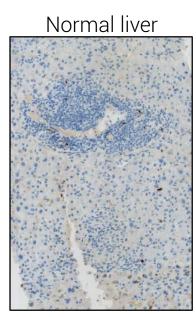


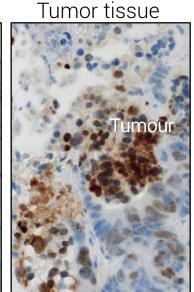
MIV-818: Selective effect signal in liver cancer in phase la

- Clear signs of effect, measured as DNA damage, observed in liver biopsies from tumor tissue in MIV-818 treated patients. Normal liver tissue does not appear to have been affected
- This tumor selective effect was observed at low levels of MIV-818 in plasma and is an early proof-of-concept of the intended liver-directed effect in patients
- DNA damage also observed in hypoxic liver cancer regions
- Signs of effect on the size of the liver tumors in several patients









Clear evidence of pH2AX induction (brown nuclear stain) resulting from DNA damage in tumor but not in normal liver tissue

Data from Patient 2

Data from Patient 4



MIV-818 study design

Phase la

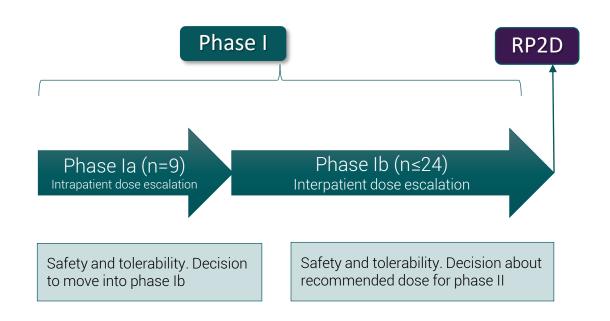
- Intrapatient dose escalation
- Objective: Establish the start-dose for phase Ib
- A total of nine patients included
- Start-dose for phase Ib determined

Phase Ib

- Classic 3+3 dose escalation
- Start-dose: 40mg 5 days/week
- Objective: Establish the phase II dose by evaluating the safety and tolerability of MIV-818

Phase II

Planning ongoing for placebo-controlled add-on study to standard-of-care





MIV-828 for acute myeloid leukemia

Profile of MIV-828

- Nucleotide prodrug given intravenously
- Active metabolite shown to have potent anti-leukemic activity in preclinical in vivo AML models
- Increased activity and reduced susceptibility to pharmacologic resistance mechanisms of prodrugs
- Preclinical activity also demonstrated against T-cell lymphoma

Opportunity in hematological cancers

- Better tolerated and more effective agent in patients with relapsed/refractory AML and other hematological cancers
- Overcomes multiple resistance mechanisms and shows synergy with most approved AML therapeutics
- Shows efficacy in targeting AML cancer stem cells

Acute myeloid leukemia (AML) leads to an overproduction of abnormal immature cells in the bone marrow and prevents development of normal blood cells, which could lead to anemia, bleeding episodes and a high susceptibility for severe infections.

- Expected new cases 2018: US: ~ 19,500; EU: ~ 43,000; Sweden: ~ 350
- Affects all ages, median age at diagnosis 68 years in the US
- Five-year survival: 50% in younger patients (<60y) and less than 10% in patients > 70y



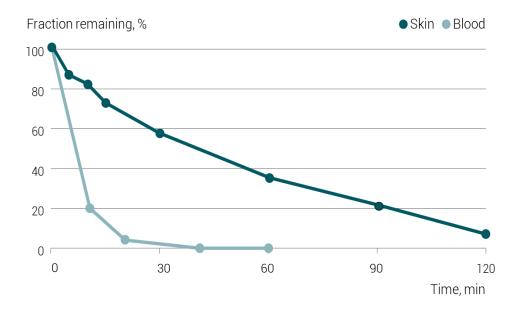
Three advanced clinical-stage assets for partnering

- The phase III ready remetinostat a topical HDAC inhibitor for cutaneous T-cell lymphoma (MF-CTCL) and potentially basal cell carcinoma (BCC).
- The bivalent SMAC mimetic birinapant currently in two combination trials: MSS colorectal cancer with Keytruda® and head and neck cancer with radiation.
- The cathepsin K inhibitor MIV-711 for osteoarthritis (OA) has the potential to be the first disease modifying OA medicine.

Nucleotide prodrug	Indication	Phase I	Phase II	Phase III	Exclusivity
Remetinostat	MF-CTCL		\longrightarrow		IP: 2034
	BCC				
Birinapant	MSS CRC				IP: 2034
	HNC	\longrightarrow			
MIV-711	Osteoarthritis		\longrightarrow		IP: 2034

Remetinostat for MF-CTCL

- Formulated as gel for topical administration
- Strong phase II efficacy and safety data
- US-orphan drug designation for MF-CTCL
- EOP2 discussions with FDA clarified that:
 - One placebo-controlled phase III study sufficient for approval
 - Co-primary endpoint required to define lesion effect
 - Pruritus as key secondary endpoint
- Interim analysis of ongoing BCC study reported (at SID 2019) to proceed very well

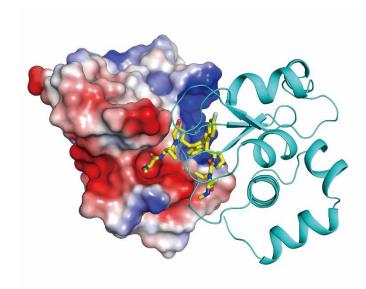


Remetinostat is much more stable in skin compared to blood.



Birinapant for colorectal cancer

- Birinapant enables tumor cell death and augments the immune system. Has great potential to improve cancer therapy in combination with other treatments
- One phase I patient with MSS colorectal cancer still PR on birinapant-Keytruda® combination after 2 years
- Ongoing phase II combination study with Merck's Keytruda[®] in MSS colorectal cancer – futility analysis in Q4 2019
- Ongoing phase I study in head and neck cancer in combination with radiation



Birinipant antagonises cIAP-1 and cIAP-2



MIV-711 for osteoarthritis (OA), the most common form of joint disease

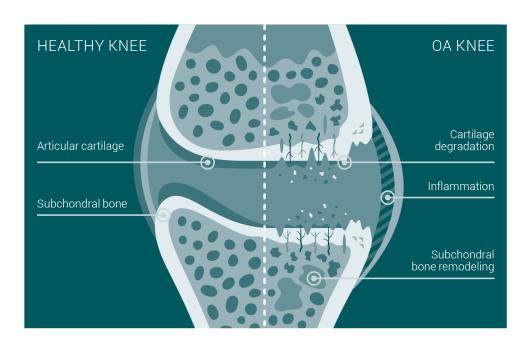
Successful placebo controlled phase II study of MIV-711 in OA:

- MIV-711 showed significant effects on joint structure (bone and cartilage) after 26 weeks.
- Trends favoured MIV-711 over placebo on knee pain and function.
- Safety and tolerability profile supportive of further development.

OA affects around 240 million worldwide

No disease-modifying medicine approved for OA

The FDA open to consider data on structural endpoints – correlation with pain will be required





2019 milestones

MIV-818: POC in phase la	Q2 2019	
New organization in place	Q3 2019	/
Birinapant Head & Neck cancer phase I study started	Q4 2019	/
Birinapant/Keytruda®: phase II futility analysis	Q4 2019	
MIV-818: Planned start of phase Ib	Q4 2019	



Key company goals 2020

Drug development activities

MIV-818

- Completing the phase Ib study
- Initiating discussions with FDA and EMA
- Finalizing the placebo-controlled phase II study design
- Establishing fastest and least costly path to registration in western world

MIV-828

Preparing for phase I by initiating preclinical development

Birinapant

Completing the phase II combination study with Keytruda®

Remetinostat

Completing the BCC study

Business development activities

- Continued intense partnering efforts with remetinostat, birinapant and MIV-711
- Strengthened outreach to Asian pharmaceutical companies

